

(EC) 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) 2016/1179

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Date of revision: 25.07.2017 Date of previous issue: 22.03.2017

Version number 4

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: Epocoat 21 Primer Comp. A
- · 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- · Sector of Use Coating
- · Application of the substance / the mixture

Uses in Coatings - Industrial use Uses in Coatings - Professional use

- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

Nor-Maali Oy

Vanhatie 20, 15240 Lahti, FINLAND

- · Further information obtainable from: MSDS (Nor-Maali Oy) tel.+358 3 874 650, sds@nor-maali.fi
- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Contact National Poison Center tel/fax: +421 2 54 77 41 66

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

· 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS02 flame

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.



GHS05 corrosion

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



GHS07

H315 Causes skin irritation. Skin Irrit. 2

Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms







GHS02

GHS05

GHS07

· Signal word Danger

· Hazard-determining components of labelling:

2-methylpropan-1-ol

Epoxy resin (MW 700-1100)

Fatty acids, C18-unsaturated, trimers, with oleylamine

· Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

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H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

· Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

· 2.3 Other hazards

- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- PBT: Not applicable.vPvB: Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Chemical characterisation: Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:				
CAS: 1330-20-7 EINECS: 215-535-7 Reg.nr.: 01-2119488216-32-	xylene Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315	10-25%		
CAS: 25036-25-3	Epoxy resin (MW 700-1100) Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317	10-25%		
CAS: 78-83-1 EINECS: 201-148-0 Reg.nr.: 01-2119484609-23-	2-methylpropan-1-ol Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H335-H336	2.5-10%		
CAS: 100-41-4 EINECS: 202-849-4 Reg.nr.: 01-2119489370-35-	ethylbenzene Flam. Liq. 2, H225; STOT RE 2, H373; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Acute Tox. 4, H332	2.5-6%		
CAS: 107-98-2 EINECS: 203-539-1 Reg.nr.: 01-2119457435-35-	1-methoxy-2-propanol Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H336	2.5-6%		
CAS: 68002-19-7	Poly(urea-co-formaldehyde), butylated Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	1-2.5%		
CAS: 220926-97-6 ELINCS: 432-840-2	12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3- benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine Acute Tox. 4, H332; Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	1-2.5%		
CAS: 147900-93-4	Fatty acids, C18-unsaturated, trimers, with oleylamine STOT RE 1, H372; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Skin Sens. 1, H317	< 0.2%		

[·] Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information:

Never give anything by mouth or induce vomiting to an unconscious person or a person who has convulsions.

· After inhalation:

Remove person exposed to excessive solvent concentrations to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular, call national emergency number, if needed start giving artificial respiration and seek medical advice.

· After skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

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· After eye contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open.

· After swallowing:

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting.

· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No further relevant information available.

- · Information for doctor: Treatment according to symptoms.
- · 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents: Alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray.
- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture No further relevant information available.
- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate people from danger area and deny access to area. Remove containers from danger area and try to cool containers which cannot be removed safely.

· Protective equipment: Compressed air respirator and protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

· 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Ensure adequate ventilation.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, earth drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this preparation. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

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· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store in accordance with local regulations. Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not empty into drains.

- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- · Further information about storage conditions: Keep container tightly sealed.
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.
- · 8.1 Control parameters

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

1330-20-7 xylene

HTP Short-term value: 440 mg/m³, 100 ppm Long-term value: 220 mg/m³, 50 ppm Sk; BMGV

78-83-1 2-methylpropan-1-ol

HTP Short-term value: 230 mg/m3, 75 ppm Long-term value: 150 mg/m³, 50 ppm

Sk

100-41-4 ethylbenzene

HTP Short-term value: 880 mg/m³, 200 ppm Long-term value: 220 mg/m³, 50 ppm Sk; BMGV

107-98-2 1-methoxy-2-propanol

HTP Short-term value: 560 mg/m³, 150 ppm Long-term value: 370 mg/m³, 100 ppm

· Ingredients with biological limit values:

1330-20-7 xylene

BMGV 5.0 mmol/l creatinine Sampling time: post shift

Parameter: methyl hippuric acid of urine

100-41-4 ethylbenzene

BMGV 5.2 mmol/l creatinine

Sampling time: post shift after working week or exposure period

Parameter: mandelic acid of urine

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis (HTP-values in Finland 2016).
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Respiratory protection:

If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product (as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

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· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Material of gloves

Nitrile rubber, NBR (splash strain) Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

The eye flushing device should be located near the the paint work area.

· Body protection: Protective work clothing

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

· 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· General Information

· Appearance:

Form: Fluid Colour: Colourless · Odour: Strong · Odour threshold: Not determined.

· pH-value: Not determined.

· Change in condition

Melting point/freezing point: Undetermined.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 108°C

· Flash point: 24°C

· Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.

· Ignition temperature: 390°C

· Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

· Auto-ignition temperature: Product is not selfigniting.

Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/ · Explosive properties:

Not determined.

vapour mixtures are possible.

· Explosion limits:

· Evaporation rate

Lower: 1.1 Vol % Upper: 7.0 Vol %

· Vapour pressure at 20°C: 6.7 hPa

· Density at 20°C: 1.51 g/cm³ Not determined. · Relative density · Vapour density Not determined.

· Solubility in / Miscibility with

water: Not miscible or difficult to mix.

· Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not determined.

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· Viscosity:

Dvnamic: Not determined. Kinematic at 40°C: >20.5 mm²/s

· 9.2 Other information No further relevant information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

- 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· LD/LC50 v	values rele	evant for classification:
1330-20-7 xylene		
Oral	LD50	4300 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	3200 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	21.7 mg/l (rat)
78-83-1 2-	methylpro	ppan-1-ol
Oral	LD50	2460 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	3400 mg/kg (rabbit)
100-41-4	ethylbenze	ene
Oral	LD50	3500 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	17800 mg/kg (rabbit)
107-98-2	l-methoxy	-2-propanol
Oral	LD50	5660 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	13000 mg/kg (rabbit)
220926-97		roxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and ethylenediamine
Dermal	LD50	2000 mg/kg (rat)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	3.56 mg/l (rat)
. Drimary ir	witant offa	

- · Primary irritant effect:
- · Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

· Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

· Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

· Other information (about experimental toxicology):

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Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, lossof consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Swallowing may cause nausea, diarrhoea, vomiting, gastro-intestinal irritation and chemical pneumonia.

- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxici	· 12.1 Toxicity				
· Aquatic to	· Aquatic toxicity:				
1330-20-7 xylene					
48-h EC50	165 mg/L (Daphnia magna)				
96-h LC50	26.7 mg/L (Pimephales promelas)				
48-h LC50	86 mg/L (Leucuscus idus melanotus)				
100-41-4 ethylbenzene					
48-h EC50	7.2 mg/L (Daphnia magna)				
96-h LC50	4.2 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss)				
107-98-2 1-	107-98-2 1-methoxy-2-propanol				
48-h EC50	23.3 mg/L (Daphnia magna)				
96-h LC50	6.8 mg/L (Leucuscus idus melanotus)				
220926-97-	220926-97-6 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine				
72-h EC50	> 100 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (OECD 201)				
48-h EC50	> 100 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (OECD 202)				
96-h LC50	> 100 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) (OECD 203)				

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Xylene: readily Ethylbenzene: readily

1-methoxy-2-propanol: 96 % (28 d) -> readily

· 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Xylene: LogPow = 3,12 (high)

2-methylpropan-1-ol: LogPow = 0,76 (low)

- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous

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· Waste disposal key:

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08 01 11* waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances. If this product is mixed with other wastes, this code may no longer apply. If mixed with other wastes, the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation:

Empty, dry paint containers (hole made to the bottom) should be taken to collection centres for metallic paint packages. If this collecting/recycling centre doesn't exist, containers can be taken to a local dump pit. For more information contact your local waste disposal authorities or paint deliverer.

SECTION 14: Transport information · 14.1 UN-Number · ADR, IMDG, IATA UN1263 · 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR, IMDG, IATA **PAINT** · 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) · ADR, IMDG, IATA 3 Flammable liquids. · Class · 14.4 Packing group · ADR. IMDG. IATA Ш · 14.5 Environmental hazards: · Marine pollutant: No · 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Flammable liquids. · 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code Not applicable. · Transport/Additional information: · Limited quantities (LQ) 5L · Transport category 3 · Tunnel restriction code D/E EMS number: F-E, S-E · Limited quantities (LQ) 5L · UN "Model Regulation": UN1263, PAINT, 3, III

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Seveso category FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 5.000 t
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 50.000 t
- · REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3, 48
- · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.



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SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

A change from the previous version:

Point: 3.2

· Relevant phrases

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

· Contact: Nor-Maali Oy, tel. +358 3 874 650 or sds@nor-maali.fi

· Abbreviations and acronyms:

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids — Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids — Category 3 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity — Category 4 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation — Category 2

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2
Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1
STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3
STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard - Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 4: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 4

· * Data compared to the previous version altered.